Lapwai School District No. 341 Audited Financial Statements as of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

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John Goffinet Steve R. Clack P.O. Box 629 Orofino, ID. 83544-0629

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees Lapwai School District No. 341 Lapwai, Idaho

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lapwai Joint School District No. 341, State of Idaho, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility.

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit includes performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities

Management has not adopted a methodology for reporting other post-employment benefits under the guidelines of GASB 45 in the government-wide statements and, subsequently, has not considered the need to record a liability for such benefits. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that an adequate liability be provided for post-employment benefits, which would increase the liabilities and decrease net assets and change the expenses in the government-wide statements. The amount by which this departure would affect the liabilities, net assets and expenses of the government-wide statements has not been determined.

Opinions

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lapwai School District No. 341, State of Idaho, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require budgetary comparison information and pension plan information, presented on pages 25-28, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express and opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Lapwai Joint School District No. 341's financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of *Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditure of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The Other Supplemental Schedules sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 11, 2017, on our consideration of Lapwai Joint School District No. 341, State of Idaho's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Lapwai Joint School District No. 341, State of Idaho's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

October 11, 2017

Soffent and Clack, Chartered Certified Public Accountants

Lapwai School District #341 Nez Perce County Lapwai, Idaho

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of Lapwai School District #341's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements, which follow this narrative.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

These financial statements are designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of Lapwai School District #341's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Nathan Weeks, Business Manager, Lapwai School District #341, 404 S Main St, Lapwai, Idaho 83540 or phone 208-843-2622 extension 200 or by email: nweeks@lapwai.org.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Many small things happened in 2016-2017 which had direct effects on the school district's financial situation and will be explained as part of this report.
 - 1) Uncertainty as to continued Impact Aid funding
 - 2) Healthy Economic environment affecting the whole country
 - 3) Improved Funding from The State of Idaho
 - 4) Strong support from the Nez Perce Tribe
 - 5) Addressing Maintenance and Facility needs.
- The School District's Net Change in Fund Balance under Total Governmental Funds (see Independent Auditor's financial statement page 8) shows a negative Net Change of \$67,437 from the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016. The Beginning Fund Balance was \$975,317 and the Ending Fund Balance was \$907,880. Total Revenues increased by \$117,270. State Support reported in the General Fund showed an increase of \$202,335 from the second year of implementing the career ladder and increased operation support. Federal Revenue decreased by \$117,009, accounting for most of the decrease. This was largely due to a reduction in Impact Aid Revenue of \$127,234. Total Expenditures increased \$184,708 over the prior year. Much of the increase was from passing along the Career Ladder revenue increase to employees through a 4% raise with some reductions in Purchased Services and Supplies and Materials.

Capital Outlay of \$284,909 was a \$2,230 increase from the prior year. Large items this year included resurfacing the track for a cost of \$109,790 and a new bus for \$83,726.

- In January, 2017, the new Trump Administration came into office. Their proposed budget submitted to Congress did not include funding for Impact Aid. Due to this uncertainty, the negotiated agreement with the Lapwai Education Association reflected no increase to the pay scale, only individual movement in the schedules was made. Once it Is clear what the status of Impact Aid funding is, it was agreed that negotiations could be reopened. At this time, the budget bills being sent through Congress show funding restored and a small increase. However, nothing is certain until the bill becomes law.
- The positively growing national and state economy allowed the legislature to provide more funding for public schools. The Career Ladder legislation increased funding for teachers while operations funding was increased as well.
- Investment Earnings in the General Fund saw a 107% increase of \$5,353. This was caused by more being invested but also an increased to the interest rates from the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool. The interest rate increased from .5280% in July, 2016 to .9794% in June, 2017.
- With the continued positive financial picture, a new bus was purchased in Fiscal again in Fiscal Year 2017. Plans are to replace another bus in the next fiscal year.
- Also with the improved financial situation, many more lingering maintenance needs
 were tackled. These included more work on the auditorium with refinishing of the
 seating. New carpet continued to be installed in the Elementary School. Some of
 the other needs that were addressed include an upgrade to the wireless network at
 the Elementary School, repair of damage to the exterior of the Elementary School,
 additional sprinkler system installation, and repair and refinishing of the track.

Public School Account Reporting

The District uses Idaho Financial Accounting Reporting Management System (IFARMS) for reporting its budgeting and accounting reports. This allows Lapwai School District #341 to be uniform with all reports at the state level and still be flexible for local management needs.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements of Lapwai School District #341. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the School District as a whole and present a longer term view of the School District's finances. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. The combining statements are broken out into 24 Funds as follows:

Fund 100 - General Fund

Fund 230 – Nez Perce Tribe Elementary

Fund 231 – Nez Perce Tribe Native Arts

Fund 232 - Grants - Nez Perce Tribe and Others

Fund 234 – Nez Perce Tribe Literature Grant

Fund 235 - Nez Perce Tribe Job Skills

Fund 243 - State Vocational

Fund 244 – Nez Perce Tribe Reading Grant

Fund 246 – Substance Abuse Prevention

Fund 251 - Title I-A Fund

Fund 257 – Part B Fund

Fund 258 – Part B Preschool

Fund 262 - REAP Fund (Rural Education)

Fund 267 – Title VII-A Indian Education

Fund 268 – Johnson O'Malley Fund

Fund 271 - Title II Fund (Improving Teacher Quality)

Fund 278 – Gear Up Grant

Fund 284 – Elementary Counseling Grant

Fund 290 - 291 - Food Service Funds

Fund 310 - Bond Interest / Redemption Fund

Fund 421 – Bus Depreciation Fund

Fund 710 – Scholarship Fund

Agency Funds - Student Activity Funds

Reporting the School as a Whole - The Combining Statements

Our analysis of the School as a whole is cautious. One of the most important questions asked about the School District's finances is, "Is the School as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the School as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes in them. You can think of the School District's net assets, the difference between assets and liabilities, as one way to measure the School District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the School District's property tax base and the condition of the School District's facilities, to assess the overall health of the School.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds Fund Financial Statements

Our analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page VII. The fund statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the School as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State and Federal Laws. However, the District establishes other Funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like the Nez Perce Tribe Grant Funds and the Scholarship Fund) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain grants, and other money. The School District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash.

The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.

- Proprietary funds Proprietary funds are used to account for operations that are
 financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise and/or
 where the intent is that they be financed primarily from user charges. Therefore,
 their primary operating statement is the statement of revenues and expenses and
 their equity consists of separate invested and earned monies.
- Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary Trust Funds are used to account for activities undertaken by a government on behalf of, or in fiduciary capacity for, some other persons or groups. Fiduciary funds are accounted for as either proprietary or governmental, depending on the nature of the responsibilities of the government (or fiduciary). Private Purpose Trust Funds (such as the Scholarship Fund) are treated like governmental funds.
- Student Body Funds Student Body Funds are fiduciary funds held in trust by the school for student activity and/or clubs and organization. In order to be classified as an ASB (Associated Student Body) fund, there must be a club or organization advisor and the students must have a say in how these funds are expended.

CHARTS AND EXAMINATIONS OF INDIVIDUAL ACCOUNTS AND FUNDS

In order to examine various aspects of finances for Lapwai School District #341, the following charts and information are put together to explain portions of the District's financial activities.

General Fund Snapshot

This table shows the changes in several key areas in the General Fund: State Support, Impact Aid, Total Revenue, Expenditures, Fund Balance and changes in Fund Balance of the last 11 years. State support has ebbed and flowed with changes in student population and economic conditions. Impact Aid has increased slowly over time with the biggest increase coming after it was removed from sequestration.

The two accompanying charts show Impact Aid Revenue and the General Fund Balance over this same time period.

Fund Revenue - comparing 2015-2016 with 2016-2017 Actual Revenues

This following charts compare each fund making up the school district's actual revenues and expenses for the years 2015-2016 and 2016-2017.

The first page shows the General Fund which makes up nearly the majority of the total financial picture.

The following page shows the remaining funds.

The Nez Perce Tribal Funds are used to account for multi-year grants made based on applications received each year. The biggest source of these funds are profits from the tribal casinos that are distributed to school district based on successful grant applications. Some other grant funds are accounted for in Fund 232.

State Vocational Funds are for Career Technical programs for Agriculture Education and Business Technology.

The Substance Abuse Education Fund is for drug-free youth activities based on grant funds.

The Title I funds are used for reading intervention and school improvement grant activities. The funds are used to pay for a Literacy Teacher and several paraprofessionals.

Part B and Part B Preschool funds are used in the special education department. Revenue in both funds decreased somewhat as has been the case for several years due to Federal cutbacks. These Part B funds in general are used to pay for Paraprofessional Aides. As these funds decrease, the payroll burden shifts to the general fund for those staff positions.

REAP funds are federal monies to assist small, rural schools in meeting their needs. These funds have been used to pay for one paraprofessional. The revenue in this fund increased by .44%.

Title VII-A and Johnson O'Malley funds are used for after school programs and culturally relevant instruction.

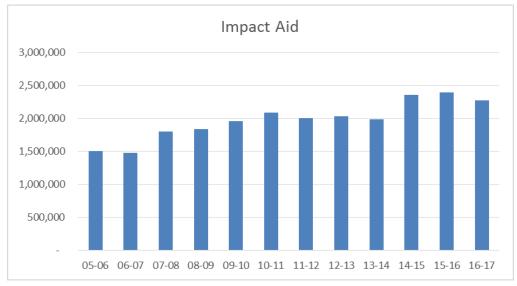
Gear Up funds are part of a multi-year grant to promote college and career options on a larger scale.

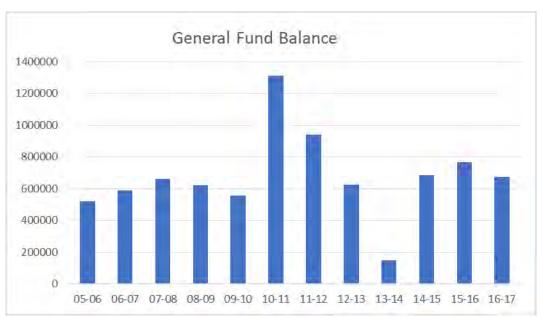
Elementary Counseling Grant funds are used for additional counseling and paraprofessional support.

Food Service Revenues have increased by nearly 12%, Expenses also increased by 12%. Expenses exceed Revenue by \$14,650. The District is on a Provision II program due to high poverty rates for the students. All students eat breakfast, lunch and snack for free under this program.

The Bond Interest and Redemption fund is used to account for activity relating to the bond used to construct the Middle/High School. The revenues this last year consisted of \$50,335 of State support and the balance from the property tax levy. The levy is set to raise enough to make the payment required for the year. The bond is set to be paid off in 2024.

		General Fu	nd Snapshot			
Year	State Support	Impact Aid	Total Revenue	Expenditures	Balance	Change
05-06	2,656,185	1,504,075	4,615,304	4,537,714	519,843	
06-07	3,066,434	1,479,323	4,702,533	4,709,168	588,719	68,876
07-08	3,153,824	1,799,132	5,282,164	5,208,147	662,736	74,017
08-09	3,242,896	1,838,451	5,328,609	5,368,778	622,566	(40,170)
09-10	2,697,341	1,962,693	5,425,961	5,493,496	555,035	(67,531)
10-11	2,946,254	2,089,130	5,625,618	4,868,455	1,312,198	757,163
11-12	2,766,448	2,002,735	5,110,359	5,483,822	938,736	(373,462)
12-13	2,680,130	2,028,930	4,911,071	5,237,174	623,263	(315,473)
13-14	2,812,116	1,988,816	5,091,183	5,567,801	146,645	(476,618)
14-15	2,939,766	2,358,701	5,641,240	5,101,090	686,794	540,149
15-16	3,049,016	2,396,203	5,972,605	5,894,277	765,122	78,328
16-17	3,240,836	2,268,969	5,954,330	6,045,569	673,882	(91,240)





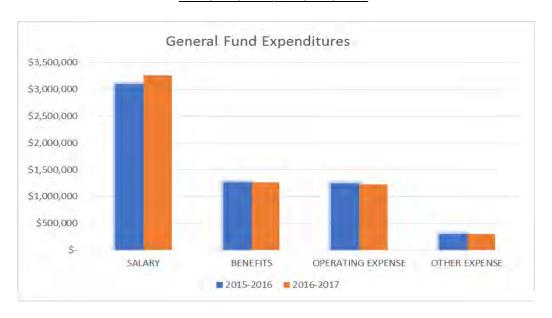
COMPARES 2015/2016 WITH 2016/2017 ACTUAL REVENUES GENERAL FUND REVENUE ONLY

Revenue Breakdown by Category

REVENUE CATEGORY	2015-2016 ACTUAL	2016-2017 ACTUAL	DIFFERENCE	% Inc.
Tort	\$ 32,912	\$ 32,794	\$ (118)	-0.36%
Non-Levied Taxes	8,098	6,491	(1,607)	-19.84%
Penalty & Interest	2,781	2,906	125	4.48%
Investment Earnings	4,966	10,319	5,353	107.80%
Grants	63,726	40,470	(23,256)	-36.49%
Other Local Revenue	101,906	64,954	(36,952)	-36.26%
State Apportionment	2,347,749	2,459,942	112,193	4.78%
Transportation Support	112,787	111,033	(1,754)	-1.56%
Benefit Apportionment	316,417	328,946	12,529	3.96%
Other State Support	195,381	261,790	66,409	33.99%
Lottery/State Maintenance	71,916	74,360	2,444	3.40%
Taxes in Lieu of	4,766	4,766	-	0.00%
Impact Aid	2,396,203	2,268,969	(127,234)	-5.31%
Medicaid Revenue	309,563	282,757	(26,806)	-8.66%
Other Revenue	3,433	3,833	400	11.66%
Total Revenue	\$ 5,972,604	\$ 5,954,330	(18,674)	6.85%

COMPARES 2015-2016 WITH 2016-2017 EXPENDITURES GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES

BUDGET CATEGORY	2015-2016 Actual	2016-2017 Actual	% Inc/Dec
SALARY	\$ 3,088,305	\$ 3,254,722	5.39%
BENEFITS	1,266,741	1,266,941	0.02%
OPERATING EXPENSE	1,239,465	1,220,911	-1.50%
OTHER EXPENSE	299,766	302,996	1.08%
TOTAL ALL EXPENSES	\$ 5,894,277	\$ 6,045,569	2.57%



COMPARE 2015-2016 WITH 2016-2017 ACTUAL REVENUES ALL FUNDS

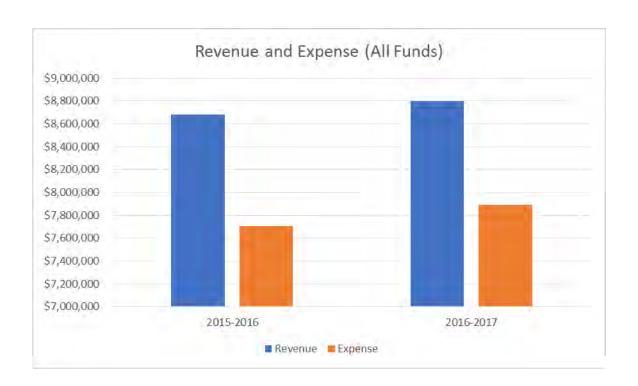
Revenue Breakdown by Fund

FUND CATEGORY	2	015-2016 Actual	2	2016-2017 Actual		DIFFERENCE	% Inc/Dec
Beginning Balance	\$	947,667	\$	975,320	\$	27,653	2.92%
General Fund	Ψ	5,972,604	_	5,954,330	. Ψ	(18,275)	
Nez Perce Tribal Funds		30,496		95,819		65,323	214.20%
State Vocational		21,105		21,876		771	3.66%
Substance Abuse Prevention		110,943		103,993		(6,950)	
Title I-A		376,393		431,829		55,436	14.73%
Part B		120,732		120,136		(596)	-0.49%
Part B Preschool		2,964		3,079		115	3.88%
REAP		28,279		28,406		127	0.45%
Title VII-A		88,096		83,246		(4,850)	-5.51%
Johnson O'Malley		-		19,673		19,673	100.00%
Improve Teacher Quality		49,588		30,900		(18,688)	-37.69%
Gear Up		41,212		50,833		9,620	23.34%
Elementary Counseling Grant		242,965		199,860		(43,104)	-17.74%
Food Service		338,391		363,165		24,775	7.32%
Bond Interest & Redemption		287,159		293,400		6,241	2.17%
Bus Depreciation		24,358		24,358		-	0.00%
Total All Funds	\$	8,682,953	\$	8,800,223		117,270	1.35%

COMPARE 2015-2016 WITH 2016-2017 ACTUAL REVENUES ALL FUNDS

Expense Breakdown by Fund

	2	2015-2016	2	2016-2017			
FUND CATEGORY		Actual		Actual	DIFFERENCE	% Inc.	
General Fund	\$	5,894,277	\$	6,045,569	\$ 151,292		2.57%
Nez Perce Tribal Funds		49,388		57,318	7,930		0.00%
State Vocational		21,105		21,876	771		0.00%
Substance Abuse Prevention		107,852		104,581	(3,270)		0.00%
Title I-A		376,393		431,829	55,436		0.00%
Part B		120,732		120,136	(596)		0.00%
Part B Preschool		2,964		3,079	115		0.00%
REAP		28,279		28,406	127		0.00%
Title VII-A		88,096		83,246	(4,850)		0.00%
Johnson O'Malley		27,089		31,526	4,437		0.00%
Improve Teacher Quality		49,588		30,900	(18,688)		0.00%
Gear Up		42,629		51,801	9,172		0.00%
Elementary Counseling Grant		243,824		199,860	(43,964)		0.00%
Food Service		351,847		378,143	26,296		0.00%
Bond Interest & Redemption		279,213		279,713	500		0.00%
Bus Depreciation		24,358		24,358	-		0.00%
Total All Funds	\$	7,707,633	\$	7,892,340	\$ 184,708		2.40%



Lapwai School District No. 341 Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash	80,818
Investments	1,290,250
Receivables	
Accounts	55,511
Property Taxes	111,630
Intergovernmental	358,502
Capital Assets	
Land	162,751
Depreciable Capital Assets - Net	12,124,725
Total Assets	14,184,187
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred Pension Contributions	1,500,755
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	161,316
Accrued Interest	25,567
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	802,868
Due to Scholarship Funds	1,280
Noncurrent Liabilities	,
Due Within One Year	215,000
Due in More Than One Year	1,760,000
Net Pension Liability	2,948,730
Total Liabilities	5,914,761
Total Elasimos	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred Pension Inflows	964,415
Dolonou i onelen illinoue	
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	10,312,476
Restricted	,, · · ·
Retirement of Long-Term Debt	119,735
Education	73,391
Child Nutrition	40,872
Unrestricted	(1,740,708)
Total Net Position	8,805,766
(July Mot) Oblight	

Lapwai School District No. 341
Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Program Revenues	S	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
			Operating	Capital	Total
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Functions/Programs				:	
Instruction	4,740,256	700	40.470		(4.699.086)
Non-Instruction	•		•		
Support Services	1,241,652				(1,241,652)
Administration	963,199				(963,199)
Maintenance and Operations	731,966				(731,966)
Transportation	289,689				(289,689)
Food Services	409,994	6,758			(403,236)
Interest on Long-Term Liabilities	70,044				(70,044)
Total Governmental Activities	8,446,800	7,458	40,470		(8,398,872)
General Revenues	venues				
Taxes		!			
Property T		for General Purposes			41,771
Property T	Property Taxes, Levied for Deb	for Debt Service			245,160
State and F	State and Federal Revenue				7,197,254
Intergovern	Intergovernmental Revenue				175,660
Investment Earnings	Earnings				10,389
Miscellaneous	Snc				108,484
Total Ge	Total General Revenues and Other Financing Sources	Other Financing S	ources		7,778,718
Change	Change in Net Position				(620,154)
Net Position,	Net Position, Beginning of Year				9,425,920
Net Position,	Net Position, End of Year				8,805,766

Lapwai School District No. 341 Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

Other Governmental

Food

Bond Redemption

General

	Fund	Fund	Service	Funds	Totals
Assets Cash Investments	23,854 1,245,162	3,718 45,088	15,573	37,673	80,818 1,290,250
Receivables Accounts Property Taxes Intergovernmental Due From Other Funds Total Assets	55,511 20,150 89,630 1,434,307	91,480	46,414 13,435 75,422	222,458 60,369 320,500	55,511 111,630 358,502 73,804 1,970,515
Liabilities Accounts Payable Accrued Salaries and Benefits Due to Other Funds Total Liabilities	125,239 631,090 1,280 757,609		5,959 28,591 34,550	30,118 143,187 73,804 247,109	161,316 802,868 75,084 1,039,268
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes Total Deferred Inflows	2,816	20,551			23,367
Fund Balances Restricted Retirement of Long-Term Debt Education Child Nutrition	673 882	119,735	40,872	73,391	119,735 73,391 40,872 673,882
Total Fund Balances	673,882	119,735	40,872	73,391	907,880
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	1,434,307	140,286	75,422	320,500	1,970,515

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Lapwai School District No. 341 Reconciliation of Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (page 4) are different because:

Total Governmental Fund Balances (page 6)		907,880
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		12,287,476
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.		
Property Taxes	23,367	
Deferred Pension Outflows	1,500,755	1,524,122
Long-Term liabilities, including bonds and leases payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Accrued Interest	(25,567)	
Bonds Payable	(1,975,000)	(2,000,567)
Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in governmental funds		
Net Pension Liability	(2,948,730)	
Deferred Pension Inflows	(964,415)	(3,913,145)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (page 4)		8,805,766

Lapwai School District No. 341
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Other Governmental Funds Totals	285,186 965,787 3,877,753 28,330 3,319,501 175,660 175,660	1,214,007 7,		205,000 74,713 1,188,914 7,892,338 (67,437)	25,093 (67,437) 48,298 975,317 73,391 907,880
Food Service	356,407	6,758	378,142	378,142	(14,977) 55,849 40,872
Bond Redemption Fund	242,995	293,400		205,000 74,713 279,713 13,687	13,687 106,048
General	42,191 2,555,559 3,240,836	10,319	3,131,449 793,594 911,780 698,681 236,933 9,352 263,780	6,045,569	(91,240) 765,122
	Revenues Property Taxes Intergovernmental, Federal Intergovernmental, State	Intergoverninental, Ourer Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Total Revenues Expenditures Current	Instruction Non-Instruction Administration Support Services Maintenance and Operations Transportation Food Services Capital Outlays	Debt Service Principal Interest Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)	Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balance, Beginning of Year

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Lapwai School District No. 341 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (page 5) are different because:

statement of activities (page 5) are different because:		
Net Changes in Fund Balances, Total Governmental Funds (page 8)		(67,110)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period.		(138,755)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property Taxes	1,745	
Net Pension Contribution Expense	(215,703)	(213,958)
The issuance of long term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		(205,000)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Accrued Interest		4,669
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (page 5)		(620,154)

Lapwai School District No. 341 Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2017

	Private Purpose Trusts	Agency Funds
Assets		
Cash		18,740
Investments	13,440	18,044
Accounts Receivable	·	1,591
Due from Other Funds	1,280	
Total Assets	14,720	38,375
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	1,500	
Due to Student Groups		38,375
Total Liabilities	1,500	38,375
Net Position		
Held in Trust for Scholarships	13,220	

Lapwai School District No. 341 Statement of Changes in Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Private Purpose Trusts
Additions	, .
Contributions	2,733
Investment Earnings	92_
Total Additions	2,825
Deductions Scholarships and Expenses Total Deductions	2,702 2,702
Change in Net Position	123
Net Position Beginning of Year	13,097
Net Position at End of Year	13,220

Lapwai School District No. 341 Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2017

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Lapwai School District No. 341 have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the District are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

Lapwai School District No. 341 is organized under the laws of the State of Idaho and operates under a Board of Trustees-Superintendent form of government and provides educational facilities, materials and all personnel necessary for administration, maintenance and instruction. Lapwai School District No. 341's Board of Trustees is the basic level of government which has oversight responsibility and control over all activities related to public school education in the District. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. The accompanying financial statements present the entities for which the government is considered to be financially responsible.

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP and defined in GASB Statement 14. Based on the application of these criteria, there were no component units included with the reporting entity. Also, the District is not included in any governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the GASB pronouncements.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expense of a given program is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to students or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned (including property taxes in the period for which levied), and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Depreciation is computed and recorded as an operating expense.

Expenditures for property, plant and equipment are shown as increases in assets and redemption of capital lease obligations are recorded as a reduction in liabilities. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 30 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, special assessments, certain grants, state support, and charges for services are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Financial Statement Presentation-Fund Accounting. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with self-balancing set of accounts which are segregated for the purpose of accounting for specific activities. The District uses funds to report results of operations and financial position as well as demonstrate compliance with legal, contractual and regulatory requirements.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The **General Fund** is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The Bond Redemption Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources restricted, committed, or assigned for the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations of governmental funds
- The Food Service Fund accounts for the National School Food Service programs. These programs provided cash grants and food commodities to provide nutritional meals to students of the District. The programs include breakfast, lunch and summer lunch meals with provisions for fresh fruit and vegetables.

Non-major funds are included in *Nonmajor Governmental Funds*. The District's Nonmajor governmental funds are special revenue funds that account for resources provided by other entities to be used for specific purposes.

Additionally, the government reports the following fiduciary funds:

- The *Private-Purpose Trust funds* accounts for contributions made on behalf of the T. Higheagle Johnson, Bisbee, D. Higheagle, Patterson, Wilson, Leighton, Reuben, and Merit Scholarship funds for scholarship award use.
- The Student Activities Agency funds accounts for activities of assets held on behalf of student groups.

D. Uses of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance / Net Position

1. Deposits and Investments

The District maintains its accounts at local financial institutions and the Local Government Investment Pool. The District's cash is considered to be cash on hand and cash in checking accounts. Investments are deposits with the State of Idaho's Local Government Investment Pool and deposits in savings accounts. The fair value of the District's investments is not materially different from the reported amounts, which are the carrying values.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds".

All Interfund transactions are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All interfund transactions are reported as operating transfers.

Property taxes are levied as of the third Monday of September on property values assessed as of January 1st. The levy is billed and due in two installments, December 20th and June 20th of the following year. The billings are considered past due the day after the due dates, at which time the applicable property is subject to lien, and the billing is subject to penalties and interest.

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, building and improvements, machinery, and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The District capitalizes equipment with an original cost of \$5,000 or more and an expected life of more than three years. The District capitalizes property improvements with an original cost of \$10,000 or more that is expected to extend the property life by ten years or more. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed.

Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not included in the capital assets.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
Improvements	7-30
Machinery and Equipment	5-15
Buses	10-12
Vehicles	10-20

4. Compensated Absences

District non-certified employees are granted vacation and sick leave days in varying amounts under the terms of the District policy. Employees are not compensated for unused sick leave. The estimated amount of compensation for future absences is immaterial to these financial statements and, accordingly, no liability has been recorded.

5. Long-Term Obligation

The District reports long-term debt of governmental funds at face value. In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period.

6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a

consumption of net position that applies to future periods(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

7. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance". Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position".

Governmental Fund Balances – Generally, governmental fund balances represent the difference between the current assets and deferred outflows of resources, and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those resources can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

- Restricted: amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional
 provisions, charter requirements or enabling legislation, or because of constraints that are
 externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other
 governments.
- <u>Committed</u>: amounts that contain self-imposed constraints of the government from its highest level of decision making authority (i.e., the Board of Trustees). The Board of Trustees commits revenue streams through adopted motions.
- <u>Assigned</u>: amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed.
- <u>Unassigned</u>: all other spendable amounts.

Government-Wide – Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of cost of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. This net investment in capital assets amount also is adjusted by any bond issuance deferral amounts. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

F. Restricted Assets

Retirement of Long-Term Debt. Restricted assets in the amount of \$119,735 are reported in the Bond Redemption Fund.

Education. Restricted assets in the amount of \$73,391 are reported in the Nonmajor Governmental Funds.

Child Nutrition. Restricted assets in the amount of \$40,872 are reported in the Food Service Fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted, as they are needed.

II. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the carrying value of the District's deposits with financial institutions was \$1,421,293 and the financial institutions' balances were \$1,480,754. The financial institutions' balances are categorized as follows:

Amounts insured by the FDIC held by banks in the District's name General Operating Student Agency Funds	179,031 18,902
Amounts collateralized with securities not held in the District's name, including funds held by the State of Idaho's Local Government Investment Pool.	
General Fund	1,206,249
Bond Redemption Fund	45,088
Agency & Expendable Trust Funds	31,484
	1,480,754

The carrying value of the District's deposits, cash on hand, and investments at June 30, 2017 that appear in the financial statements are summarized as follows:

•	
30	
80,789	
1,290,250	1,371,069
18,740	
18,044	
13,440	50,224
	1,421,293
	80,789 1,290,250 18,740 18,044

Deposits with Financial Institutions

Deposits with financial institutions are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) in the amount of \$250,000. As of June 30, 2017 all of the District deposits of \$138,442 were covered by FDIC.

<u>Investments</u>

The District had investments in the Idaho Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) of \$1,282,822 at year-end. At June 30, 2017, the fair value of the District's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the carrying value.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the value of an investment. The District does not have a written policy regarding interest rate risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is defined as the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment in debt securities will not fulfill its obligations. The District does not have a written investment policy on custodial credit risk. However, all investments are held in safekeeping by external custodians and are either registered or insured in the City's name or held by the City's agent. The State of Idaho's Local Government Investment Pool's (LGIP) policy requires investment in corporate bonds/notes to have a maximum maturity of five years, securities must be rated A or better, and cannot exceed 20% of total portfolio. Commercial paper purchased must be registered commercial paper and be rated A-1 or its equivalent or better by two or more public rating agencies at the time of purchase. Commercial paper cannot exceed 25% of the total portfolio. The policies for other types of LGIP investments have similar minimum requirements and all investments are cited to be within Idaho Code. State law limits the amount of credit risk by restricting governments to specific investment types as listed in Idaho Statutes Section 67-1210 and 67-1210A.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At June 30, 2017, approximately 92% of the District's investments were held for safekeeping by the State of Idaho's Local Government Investment Pool. The other 8% are held by a financial institution in the District's name and are insured up to \$250,000.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter party, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment (related securities that are held by an outside party). The District does not have a written investment policy covering concentration of credit risk. However, all of the District's investments are held in the District's name and held by the State of Idaho's Local Government Investment Pool. Idaho Statutes 67-1210 and 67-1210A requires that the District's foremost objective be safety of principal.

B. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

C. Property Taxes

Real and personal property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1st. Real and personal property taxes are levied on the third Monday in September and are due in two equal installments on December 20th and June 20th of the following year and are considered delinquent the day following the due date. Interest and penalty charges begin on the day following the installment due date. Nez Perce, Idaho and Lewis Counties bill and collect taxes and remit them to the District in the month following collection by the counties. District property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available includes those property tax receivables expected to be collected within thirty days after year end. Taxes collected after 30 days are reported as deferred revenue (deferred inflows of resources). Delinquent taxes are considered fully collectible and therefore no allowance for uncollectible taxes is provided.

D. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2017 consist of the following:

			Due From Other	
	Taxes	Accounts	Governments	Total
General Fund	20,150	55,511	89,630	165,291
Nez Perce Tribe & Others			74	74
State Vocational			6,563	6,563
State Drug Free Youth			21,738	21,738
Title I-A ESEA			69,074	69,074
Title VI-B Part B			39,596	39,596
Title VI-B Rural Education			7,459	7,459
Title VII-Andian Education			8,902	8,902
Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality			3,972	3,972
Gear-Up Grant			21,746	21,746
Elementary Counseling Grant			43,334	43,334
Food Service			46,414	46,414
Bond Int/Redemp Fund	91,480_			91,480
Total	111,630	55,511	358,502	525,643

E. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 is as follows:

	Balance 7/1/2016	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6/30/2017
Governmental Activities: Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	162,751			162,751
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	162,751			162,751
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Sites	261,445	128,290		389,735
Buildings	15,376,057			15,376,057
Capital Improvements	628,373	68,822		697,195
Equipment	563,010	7,300		570,310
Buses	565,340_	83,726		649,066
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	17,394,225	288,138		17,682,363
•				
Accumulated Depreciation for: Sites	(211,264)	(11,164)		(222,428)
Buildings	(3,922,132)	(307,253)		(4,229,385)
Capital Improvements	(267,460)	(34,995)		(302,455)
Equipment	(398,858)	(43,976)		(442,834)
Buses	(331,031)	(29,505)		(360,536)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(5,130,745)	(426,893)		(5,557,638)
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated, Net	12,263,480	(138,755)		12,124,725
Governmental Activities, Capital				
Assets, Net	12,426,231	(138,755)		12,287,476
				· · · · <u></u>
Depreciation expense was charged to fund	tions of the Distr	ict as follows:		

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the District as follows:

Instruction	397,382
Non-Instruction	
Support Services	77,640
Administration	80,401
Custodial, Maintenance and Operation	31,590
Transportation	19,810
Food Service	18,580
Total Depreciation Expense	625,403

F. Interfund Receivables and Payables

The composition of interfund receivables and payables due to deficit balances in the shared cash accounts as of June 30, 2017 is as follows:

	Due From Other Funds	Due To Other Funds	Total
Food Services	13,435		13,435
Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
Grants - Nez Perce & Others	60,369		60,369
State Vocational Education		4,384	(4,384)
Substance Abuse Prevention		363	(363)
Title I-A		18,287	(18,287)
Part B		22,228	(22,228)
Title VI-B Rural Education		2,834	(2,834)
Title II-A		993	(993)
Gear-Up Grant		10,191	(10, 191)
Elementary Counseling Grant		14,524	(14,524)
	73,804	73,804	0

G. Operating Leases

The District has entered into the following copier operating lease agreements:

Equipme	ent	Term	Cost	Begin Date
Ricoh MP7502SP	Copier	60 Months	\$320.15 per month	1/20/2016
Ricoh MP7502SP	Copier	60 Months	\$308.73 per month	1/20/2016
Ricoh MPC5502 Co	opier	60 Months	\$229.57 per month	6/1/2012
Current lease o	perating costs are a		District	
	High	Elementary	District	
	School	School	Office	T
_	MP7502SP	MP7502SP	<u>MPC5502</u>	Total
2017 Costs	3,522	3,396	2,755	9,673
Remaining future	lease payments for t	he lease agreemen	ts excluding copy costs a	are:
_	MP7502SP	MP7502SP	MP2550B	Total
2018	3,842	3,705		7,547
2019	3,842	3,705		7,547
2020	3,842	3,705		7,547
2021	1,921	1,852		3,773
Total	13,447	12,967	0	26,414

H. Long-Term Liabilities

The District approved the issuance of a bond in May 2004 to finance construction of a new school building. The District refinanced the outstanding bonds in 2012. In 2015, the District finished paying the Series 2004 bonds. At June 30, 2017 the District is obligated on the following bond:

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2012 - \$2,180,000

Future payments under bonds payable as of June 30, 2017, are as follows:

				Total Principal	
	Interest	Interest	Principal	and Interest	
Date	Rate	Payments	Payments	Payments	Balance
					1,975,000
8/15/2017		34,544	215,000	249,544	1,760,000
2/15/2018	4.00%	34,544		34,544	1,760,000
8/15/2018		30,244	225,000	255,244	1,535,000
2/15/2019	4.00%	30,244		30,244	1,535,000
8/15/2019		25,744	235,000	260,744	1,300,000
2/15/2020	3.75%	25,744		25,744	1,300,000
8/15/2020		21,338	240,000	261,338	1,060,000
2/15/2021	3.75%	21,338		21,338	1,060,000
8/15/2021		16,838	250,000	266,838	810,000
2/15/2022	3.00%	16,838		16,838	810,000
8/15/2022		12,150	260,000	272,150	550,000
2/15/2023	3.00%	12,150		12,150	550,000
8/15/2023		8,250	270,000	278,250	280,000
2/15/2024	3.00%	8,250		8,250	280,000
8/15/2024		4,200	280,000	284,200	0
٦	Totals	302,416	1,975,000	2,277,416	

I. Personnel Contracts

Personnel contracts are renewed annually effective August 25. The contracts are divided into twelve monthly installments. Most salaried employees without contracts elect to have their nine or ten month salary paid in twelve equal installments. The amount recorded in personnel contracts payable includes the final two installments on the 2016-2017 contracts and elections.

III. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to limited torts; theft of, damage to destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance.

B. Contingent Liabilities

Grants

The District receives financial assistants from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual funds included herein or on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2017.

C. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through October 11, 2017, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

D. Employee Pension Plans

Plan Description

The Lapwai School District No. 341 contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months..

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation and earnings from investments. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) if current rates are actuarially determined to be inadequate or in excess to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% of the employer rate for general employees and 72% for police and firefighters. As of June 30, 2016 it was 6.79% for general employees and 8.36% for police and firefighters. The employer contribution rate as a percent of covered payroll is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.32% general employees and 11.66% for police and firefighters. The District contributions were \$517,679 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2016, the District's proportion was 0.001454616 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense (revenue) of (\$364,404). At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$0	\$293,819
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	\$65,548	\$0
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$1,435,207	\$670,596
Changes in the employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate contributions	\$0	\$0
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$0	\$0
Total	<u>\$1,500,755</u>	<u>\$964,415</u>

\$1,500,755 is reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2014 the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2016 is 4.9 and 5.5 for the measurement period June 30, 2015.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year Ended June 30, 2017:

2017	9	4,997
2018		4,997
2019		342,102
2020		188,244

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.25%
Salary increases	4.5 – 10.25%
Salary inflation	3.75%
Investment rate of return	7.10%, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living adjustments	1%

Mortality rates were based on the RP – 2000 combined table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following offsets:

Set back 3 years for teachers

- No offset for male fire and police
- Forward one year for female fire and police
- Set back one year for all general employees and all beneficiaries

An experience study was performed for the period July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2013 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions other than mortality. Mortality and all economic assumptions were studied in 2014 for the period from July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2013. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2016 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date July 1, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of January 1, 2016

			Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Index	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Core Fixed Income	Barclays Aggregate	30.00%	0.80%
Broad US Secutities	Russell 3000	55.00%	3.35%
Developed Foreign Equities *Arithmetic return	MSCI ACWI ex USA	15.00%	7.30%
Actuarial Assumtions			
Assumed Inflation - Mean			3.25%
Assumed Inflation - Standard			2.00%
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Return	ı		8.08%
Portfolio Standard Deviation			12.59%
Portfolio Long-Term Expected G	eometric Rate of Return		7.50%
Assumed Investment Expenses			0.40%
Long-Term Expected rate of return, Net of Investment Expenses			7.10%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to

determine the total pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.10%)	Current Discount Rate (7.10%)	1% Increase (8.10%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$5,784,362	\$2,948730	\$590,589

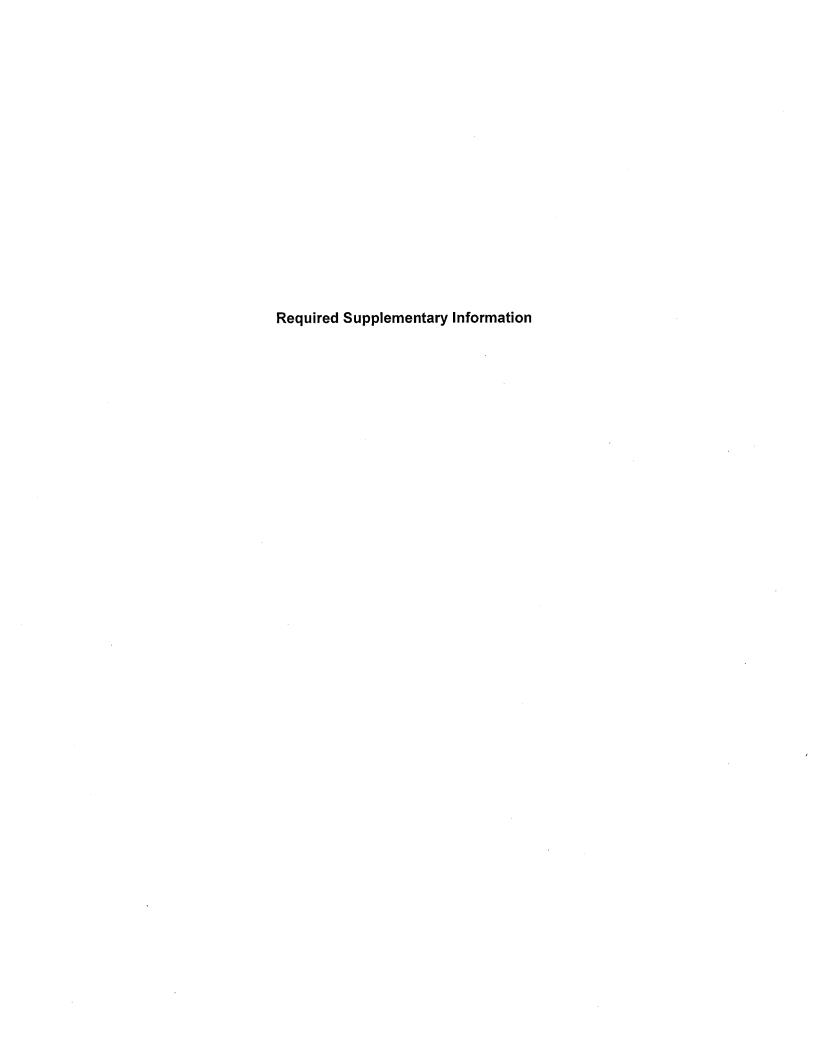
Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. The report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Payables to the pension plan

At June 30, 2017, the District reported no payables to the defined benefit pension plan for legally required employer contributions and \$0 for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to PERSI.



Lapwai School District No. 341
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - General Fund and Bond Redemption Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

General Fund

Bond Redemption Fund

		General rund			חסוות ויכתכווו שייים	
			Variance With			Variance With
	Original and Final		Final Budget	Original and Final		Final Budget
	Budgeted		Positive	Budgeted		Positive
Reyeniles	Amounts	Actual	(Negative)	Amounts	Actual	(Negative)
Property Taxes	37,812	42,191	4,379	244,413	242,995	(1,418)
Interdovernmental Federal	2,713,396	2,555,559	(157,837)	4 4		
Internovernmental State	3,342,205	3,240,836	(101,369)	35,000	50,335	75,335 (999)
Investment Farnings	3,000	10,319	7,319	300	70	(230)
Miscellapeous	42,500	105,424	62,924			
Total Revenues	6,138,913	5,954,329	(184,584)	279,713	293,400	13,68/
Expenditures						
Current						
Instruction	3,438,727	3,131,449	307,278			
Non-Instruction	070	702 504	(4 715)			
Administration	8/0/18/	190,094	(0-7:-)			
Support Services	806,836	911,780	(104,944)			
Maintenance and Operations	667,594	698,681	(31,087)			
Transportation	253,376	236,933	16,443			
Food Services	8,991	9,352	(361)			
Capital Outlays	436,149	263,780	172,369		-	
Contingency	337,028		337,028	000	000	(000,04)
Bond Principle				195,000 84 713	74 713	10,000
Bond Interest	001	0 0 45 560	SOE 044	27,713	279 713	
Total Expenditures	6,740,380	0,045,569	0,000	2,017		
Excess (Deficiency) of Kevenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(601,667)	(91,240)	510,427		13,687	13,687
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1 667		(1 667)			
Operating Transfers in (Out) Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	1,667		(1,667)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(600,000)	(91,240)	508,760		13,687	13,687
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	000,000	765,122	165,122		106,048	106,048
Fund Balance, End of Year		673,882	673,882		119,735	119,735

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement. (Continued)

Lapwai School District No. 341
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Food Services and Other Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017
(Continued)

Other Governmental Funds

Food Services

		Food Services			OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	Ital Fullus	
			Variance With				Variance With
	Original and Final		Final Budget				Final Budget
	Budgeted		Positive	Budgeted Amounts	ounts		Positive
Revenues	Amounts	Actual	(Negative)	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Intergovernmental, Federal	321,455	356,407	34,952	1,144,372	1,144,778	965,787	(178,991)
Interdovernmental State				24,876	29,076	28,330	(746)
Interdovernmental Other				100,000	175,949	175,660	(289)
Miccellaneonic	7.500	6.758	(742)	20,928	34,576	44,230	9,654
Total Revenues	328,955	363,165	34,210	1,290,176	1,384,379	1,214,007	(170,372)
Expenditures							
Current				875 563	071 050	827 834	143 216
Instruction				000,00	000,	100,120	217,51
Non-Instruction				80.812	86.591	84,490	2,101
Administration Support Services				331,966	331,966	252,232	79,734
Transportation							
Food Services	398,955	378,142	20,813		24 576	040 40	2,00
Capital Outlays, Transportation				20,920	010,40	24,000	325 360
Total Expenditures	398,955	378,142	20,813	1,309,269	1,424,183	1,188,914	607,007
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over	(000 02)	(770 41)	55 023	(19 093)	(39.804)	25.093	64.897
(Onder) Expendiures	(000,07)	(10;t1)	02,00		7. 22 (22)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Operating Transfers In (Out) Total Other Financing Sources and Uses							
						i i	04
Net Change in Fund Balances	(20,000)	(14,977)	55,023	(19,093)	(39,804)	25,093	64,897
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	70,000	55,849	(14,151)	31,058	51,769	48,298	(3,471)
Fund Balance, End of Year		40,872	40,872	11,965	11,965	73,391	61,426

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Lapwai Scholl District No. 341 Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2017

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability PERSI-Base Plan Last 10-Fiscal Years*

	2017	2016	2015
Employer's portion of the net pension liability	0.1454616%	0.1388673%	0.1437183%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	2,948,730	1,828,656	1,057,992
Employer's covered-employee payroll	4,204,240	4,254,307	3,889,629
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability			
as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	70.14%	42.98%	27.20%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the			
total pension liability	87.26%	91.38%	94.95%

Data reported is measured as of June 30,2016

Schedule of Employer's Contribution PERSI-Base Plan Last 10-Fiscal Years*

_	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution	474,920	481,558	440,306
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	474,920	481,558	440,306
Contribution (deficiency) excess			
Employer's covered-employee payroll	4,204,240	4,254,307	3,889,629
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.32%	11.32%	11.32%

Data is reported as of June 30, 2016.

^{*}GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

^{*}GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Lapwai School District No. 341 Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2017

I. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

A. Budgetary Data

Budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end with the exception of those indicated as a fund balance reserve. The following procedures are used in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. Prior to June, the District Superintendent submits to the Board of Trustees a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1st. This budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. At least 14 days prior to the public hearing the District publishes a proposed budget for public review.
- 3. A public hearing is set to obtain taxpayers' comments.
- 4. The final budget is adopted by resolution of the Board at the regular meeting of the Board of Trustees.
- 5. Prior to July 15th, the final budget is filed with the State Department of Education.
- 6. Once adopted, the budget can be amended by subsequent Board action. The Board upon recommendation of the Superintendent can approve reductions in appropriations, but increases in appropriations by fund require a public hearing prior to amending the budget.
- 7. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed as an extension of formal budgetary procedures by the District

B. Excess Expenditures Over Appropriations

There were no funds that had excess expenditures over appropriations at June 30, 2017.



Lapwai School District No. 341 Combining Balance Sheet Other Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Nez Perce Tribe Lapwai Elementary Grant	Nez Perce Tribe Native Arts	Grants - Nez Perce Tribe & Others	Nez Perce Tribe Literature Grant	Nez Perce Tribe Job Skills	State Vocational Education	Nez Perce Tribe Reading Grant
Assets Cash Receivables Internovemmental Receivable			75	1,144	724	6,563	
Due From Other Funds Total Assets			60,369	1,144	724	6,563	
Liabilities Accounts Payable Salaries and Benefits Payable			329	105		2,179	
Due To Other Funds Total Liabilities			329	105		6,563	
Fund Balances Restricted			60,115	1,039	724		
Total Fund Balances			60,115	1,039	724		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances			60,444	1,144	724	6,563	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement. (Continued)

Combining Balance Sheet
Other Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017
(Continued) Lapwai School District No. 341

Title VI-B Rural Education	7,459	7,459	4,625 2,834 7,459		7,459
Part B Preschool	512	512	512		512
Part B	39,596	39,596	17,368 22,228 39,596		39,596
Title I-A School Improvement Grant					
Title I-A	69,074	69,074	287 50,500 18,287 69,074		69,074
Substance Abuse Prevention	21,738	21,738	1,820 12,766 363 14,949	6,789	21,738
	Assets Cash Receivables Intergovernmental Receivable Due From Other Funds	Total Assets	Liabilities Accounts Payable Salaries and Benefits Payable Due To Other Funds Total Liabilities	Fund Balances Restricted Education Total Fund Balances	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement. (Continued) 30

Lapwai School District No. 341
Combining Balance Sheet
Other Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017
(Continued)

	Title VII-A Indian Education	Johnson O'Malley	Title II-A	Gear-Up	Elementary Counseling Grant	Bus Depreciation	Total
Assets Cash	4,892	6,043				24,358	37,673
Receivables Intergovernmental Receivable Due From Other Funds	8,902		3,972	21,746	43,333		222,458 60,369
Total Assets	13,794	6,043	3,972	21,746	43,333	24,358	320,500
Liabilities Accounts Pavable		270	725	45		24,358	30,118
Salaries and Benefits Payable	13,794	4,408	2,254	8,151	28,809		143,187
Due To Other Funds			993	10,191	14,524		73,804
Total Liabilities	13,794	4,678	3,972	18,387	43,333	24,358	247,109
Fund Balances Restricted							
Education		1,365		3,359			73,391
Total Fund Balances		1,365		3,359			73,391
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	13,794	6,043	3,972	21,746	43,333	24,358	320,500

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Lapwai School District No. 341
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Other Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

erce Nez Perce State Tribe ture Job Vocational Reading Int Skills Education Grant	21,876	1,587 3,983 21,876 723	1,587 3,983 21,876 723	(1,587) (3,983) (723)	(1,587) (3,983) (723)	2,626 4,707 723	
Grants - Nez Perce Nez Perce Tribe Tribe and Literature Others Grant	75,947 19,872 95,819	46,267	47,379	48,440	48,440	11,675	
Nez Perce Tribe Native Arts		913	913	(913)	(913)	913	
Nez Perce Tribe Lapwai Elementary Grant		2,731	2,731	(2,731)	(2,731)	2,731	
	Revenues Intergovernmental, Federal Intergovernmental, State Intergovernmental, Other Miscellaneous Total Revenues	Expenditures Current Instruction Non-Instruction Administration Support Services	Transportation Total Expenditures	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	Net Change in Fund Balances	Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement. (Continued)
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Lapwai School District No. 341
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Other Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017
(Continued)

	Substance Abuse Prevention	Title I-A	Title I-A School Improvement Grant	Part B	Part B Preschool	Title VI-B Rural Education
Revenues Intergovernmental, Federal Intergovernmental, State Intergovernmental, Other	4,280 99,713	95,832	335,997	120,136	3,079	28,406
Total Revenues	103,993	95,832	335,997	120,136	3,079	28,406
Expenditures Current Instruction Non-Instruction Administration Support Services	104,582	85,683	335,997	120,136	3,079	28,406
Transportation Total Expenditures	104,582	95,832	335,997	120,136	3,079	28,406
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(589)					
Net Change in Fund Balances	(583)					
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	7,378					
Fund Balance, End of Year	6,789	1979				

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement. (Continued)

Lapwai School District No. 341
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Other Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017
(Continued)

	Ittle VII-A	1 - 1			Elementary	(
	indian Education	Johnson O'Malley	Title II-A	Gear-Up	Counseling Grant	Bus Depreciation	Total
Revenues	The state of the s	-					THE WARRIES
Intergovernmental, Federal	83,246	19,672	30,900	48,659	199,860		965,787
Intergovernmental, State				2,174			28,330
Intergovernmental, Other							175,660
Miscellaneous						24,358	44,230
Total Revenues	83,246	19,672	30,900	50,833	199,860	24,358	1,214,007
Expenditures							
Current							
Instruction	12,348	14,475		45,048			827,834
Non-Instruction							•
Administration	56,179	17,050					84,490
Support Services	14,719		30,900	6,753	199,860		252,232
Transportation - Capital Outlay						24,358	24,358
Total Expenditures	83,246	31,525	30,900	51,801	199,860	24,358	1,188,914
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(11,853)		(898)			25,093
				;			
Net Change in Fund Balances		(11,853)		(896)			25,093
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		13,218	·	4,327			48,298
Fund Balance, End of Year		1,365		3,359			73,391

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



Lapwai School District No. 341 Combining Balance Sheet - All Trust and Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Private	
	Purpose Trusts	Student
	Scholarship	Activity
·	Trust	Funds
Assets		
Cash		18,740
Investments	13,440	18,044
Pepsi Rebate Cash Held for Student Groups		1,591
Due From Other Funds	1,280	·
Total Assets	14,720	38,375
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	1,500	
Due to Student Groups		38,375
Total Liabilities	1,500	38,375
Net Position		
Net Position Held in Trust for Scholarships	13,220	

Lapwai School District No. 341 Agency Funds Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Beginning Balance			Ending Balance
	July 1, 2016	Receipts	Disbursements	June 30, 2017
Lapwai Elementary School				
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash				
General Fund	8,164	1,006	1,071	8,099
Library/Book Fair	131	2,261	2,217	175
Book Orders	33			33
2nd Grade	70			70
5th Grade	59			59
Art	8			8
Humanities	1,000			1,000
Parent Group	734			734
Total Elementary School	10,199	3,267	3,288	10,178

Lapwai School District No. 341 Agency Funds

Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

(Continued)

Beginning Balance July 1, 201		Disbursements	Ending Balance June 30, 2017
Lapwai Middle School and High School			
<u>Assets</u>			
Cash			
Student Body Funds			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	76 5,414	6,190	
High School Student Body 1,43		1,230	987
Middle School Student Body 99		2,607	1,184
At Risk Fund 99		292	706
·	5	15	
Concessions 39 Athletic Funds	52 23,851	22,749	1,454
General Athletic Fund	24,395	24,398	21
Football 2,36		12,326	91
Football Fundraisers 1,36	32	757	605
Volleyball ;	3,890	3,927	
Volleyball Fundraisers 72	24	724	
Girls Basketball	10,663	10,784	
Girls Basketball Fundraisers 1,68	10,388	12,073	
Boys Basketball 1,02	12,041	13,062	
Boys Basketball Fundraisers	11,114	10,636	478
Track 1,3°	2 12,245	8,687	4,870
Cheer 33	6 12,720	13,056	
Baseball Fundraisers	498		498
Class Funds			
Student Council 1,22	2,680	2,700	1,207
Senior Class	1,547	1,547	
Junior Class			
Clubs .			
Year Book (53	-	5,254	
Drama 3,35		450	3,910
Library 70		232	742
Indian Club 2,07		6,068	1,193
Booster Club 32		100	591
Honor Society 29 MS Yearbook	6		296
Class of 2017 Parent Fundraisers 18 Class of 2016 Parent Fundraisers	6	186	
French Club 3,16	8	292	2 076
Pep Club 35		292	2,876 390
FFA Club 1,81		2,075	
Fair Pigs (1,50	•	2,075	1,639

Lapwai School District No. 341 Agency Funds Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

(Continued)

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance July 1, 2016	Receipts	Disbursements	Balance June 30, 2017
Lapwai Middle School and High School				
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash				
Clubs (Continued)				
AISES Conference	661	500	430	731
Band/Music	24			24
Nez Perce Language	166			166
BPA	(448)	35,200	34,752	
SEL Scholarship	100	1,068	79	1,089
Cap and Gowns	24	1,583	1,601	6
MAPP	57			57
Incentive	136	15		151
Drug Free School	46			46
SOS - Sources of Strength Club	1,142		547	595
Total Cash	26,966	199,463	199,826	26,606
Other				
Pepsi School Vendor Rebate	5,336		3,745	1,591
Total Other	5,336		3,745	1,591
Total Middle School and				•
High School	32,302	199,463	203,571	28,197
Total Agency Funds	42,501	202,730	206,859	38,375

John Goffinet Steve R. Clack P.O. Box 629 Orofino, ID. 83544-0629

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Trustees Lapwai School District No. 341 Lapwai, Idaho

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lapwai School District No. 341, Lapwai, Idaho, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lapwai School District No. 341, Lapwai, Idaho's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 11, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Lapwai School District No. 341, Lapwai, Idaho's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lapwai School District No. 341, Lapwai, Idaho's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lapwai School District No. 341, Lapwai, Idaho's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lapwai School District No. 341, Lapwai, Idaho's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

October 11, 2017

Soffmet and Clack, Chartered Certified Public Accountants

John Goffinet Steve R. Clack P.O. Box 629 Orofino, ID. 83544-0629

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by Uniform Guidance

To the Board of Trustees Lapwai School District No. 341 Lapwai, Idaho

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Lapwai School District No. 341, State of Idaho's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Lapwai School District No. 341, State of Idaho's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. Lapwai School District No. 341, State of Idaho's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Lapwai School District No. 341, State of Idaho's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standard* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Lapwai School District No. 341, State of Idaho's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on Lapwai School District No. 341, State of Idaho's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Lapwai School District No. 341, State of Idaho, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Lapwai School District No. 341, State of Idaho, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Lapwai School District No. 341, State of Idaho's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lapwai School District No. 341, State of Idaho's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

October 11, 2017

Moffmit and Clack
Goffinet and Clack, Chartered
Certified Public Accountants

Lapwai School District No. 341 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Direct Programs: Schools and Roads - Grants to States 10.665 4	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Expenditures
Schools and Roads - Grants to States 10.665 4 Subtotal Direct Programs 8 Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction: 8 Department of Agriculture Food and Nutrituion Service 3 School Breakfast Program for Children 10.553 77,321 National School Lunch Program 10.555 232,609 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 31,748 Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program 10.582 14,728 Subtotal Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction 356,406 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 356,406 Total U.S. Department of Public Instruction: 11,673 Indian Education - Johnson O'Malley 15,130 19,673 Total Department of the Interior 15,130 19,673 Total Department of Education: 84,041 2,268,969 Title VII-A Indian Education 84,041 2,268,969 Title VII-A Indian Education 84,060 83,246 Fund for the Improvement of Education 84,215E 199,860 Title VI-B Rural Education 84,357 335,997	U.S. Department of Agriculture:		
Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction: Department of Agriculture Food and Nutrituion Service School Breakfast Program for Children 10.553 77,321 National School Lunch Program 10.555 232,609 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 31,748 Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program 10.582 14,728 Subtotal Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction 356,406 356,406 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 356,406 356,410	•		
Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction: 10.553 77,321 School Breakfast Program for Children 10.553 77,321 National School Lunch Program 10.555 232,609 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 31,748 Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program 10.582 14,728 Subtotal Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction 356,406 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 356,406 Total U.S. Department of Public Instruction: 11,203 Indian Education - Johnson O'Malley 15,130 19,673 Total Department of the Interior 15,130 19,673 Department of Education: 15,130 19,673 Direct Programs: 11,000 19,673 Title VIII Impact Aid 84,041 2,268,969 Title VIII Impact Aid 84,060 83,246 Fund for the Improvement of Education 84,215E 199,860 Title VII-B Rural Education 84,215E 199,860 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84,010 95,832 School Improvement Grant 84,377		10.665	4
Department of Agriculture Food and Nutrituion Service	Subtotal Direct Programs		
School Breakfast Program for Children 10.553 77,321 National School Lunch Program 10.555 232,609 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 31,748 Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program 10.582 14,728 Subtotal Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction 356,406 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 356,410 Department of the Interior: Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction: 15,130 19,673 Total Department of the Interior 15,130 19,673 Department of Education Johnson O'Malley 15,130 19,673 Total Department of the Interior 15,130 19,673 Department of Education: 19,673 Title VIII Impact Aid 84,041 * 2,268,969 Title VIII-A Indian Education 84,041 * 2,268,969 Title VIII-A Indian Education 84,050 83,246 Fund for the Improvement of Education 84,215E 199,860 Title VI-B Rural Education 84,358 28,406	Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction:		
National School Lunch Program 10.555 232,609 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 31,748 Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program 10.582 14,728 Subtotal Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction 356,406 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture Total U.S. Department of Agriculture Department of the Interior: Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction: 15.130 19,673 Total Department of the Interior 15.130 19,673 Department of Education: Direct Programs: Title VIII Impact Aid 84.041 2,268,969 Title VIII A Indian Education 84.060 83,246 Fund for the Improvement of Education 84.215E 199,860 Title VI-B Rural Education 84.358 28,406 Total Direct Programs 2,580,481 Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 * 95,832 School Improvement Grant 84.377 * 335,997 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B Preschool 84.173 3,079	Department of Agriculture Food and Nutrituion Service		
Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 31,748 Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program 10.582 14,728 Subtotal Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction 356,406 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 356,410 Department of the Interior: Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction: 15.130 19,673 Indian Education - Johnson O'Malley 15.130 19,673 Total Department of the Interior 19,673 Department of Education: Direct Programs: Title VIII Impact Aid 84.041 2,268,969 Title VIII A Indian Education 84.060 83,246 Fund for the Improvement of Education 84.215E 199,860 Title VI-B Rural Education 84.358 28,406 Total Direct Programs 2,580,481 Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction: Title IGrants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 95,832 School Improvement Grant 84.377 335,997 Title IV-B, IDEA-Part B 84.027 120,136 Title IV-A	School Breakfast Program for Children	10.553	77,321
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program 10.582 14,728 Subtotal Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction 356,406 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 356,410 Department of the Interior: Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction: 15.130 19,673 Indian Education - Johnson O'Malley 15.130 19,673 Total Department of the Interior 15.130 19,673 Department of Education: Direct Programs: Title VIII Impact Aid 84,041 2,268,969 Title VII-A Indian Education 84,060 83,246 Fund for the Improvement of Education 84,215E 199,860 Title VI-B Rural Education 84,358 28,406 Total Direct Programs 2,580,481 Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84,010 * 95,832 School Improvement Grant 84,377 335,997 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B 84,027 120,136 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B Preschool 84,374 30,909	National School Lunch Program	10.555	232,609
Subtotal Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction 356,406 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 356,410 Department of the Interior: Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction: 15,130 19,673 Indian Education - Johnson O'Malley 15,130 19,673 Total Department of the Interior 15,130 19,673 Department of Education: Direct Programs: Title VIII Impact Aid 84,041 2,268,969 Title VII-A Indian Education 84,060 83,246 Fund for the Improvement of Education 84,215E 199,860 Title VI-B Rural Education 84,358 2,8406 Total Direct Programs 2,580,481 Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84,010 * 95,832 School Improvement Grant 84,377 * 335,997 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B Preschool 84,173 3,079 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B Preschool 84,173 3,079 Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality 84,334 51,801	Summer Food Service Program for Children		31,748
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 356,410 Department of the Interior: Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction: 15.130 19,673 Indian Education - Johnson O'Malley 15.130 19,673 Total Department of the Interior 19,673 Department of Education: Experiment of Education: Title VIII Impact Aid 84.041 2,268,969 Title VIII-A Indian Education 84.060 83,246 Fund for the Improvement of Education 84.215E 199,860 Title VI-B Rural Education 84.358 28,406 Total Direct Programs 2,580,481 Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 95,832 School Improvement Grant 84.377 335,997 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B 84.027 120,136 Title IV-A Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness in Undergraduate Programs (Gear Up) 84.334 51,801 Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality 84.367 30,900 Subtotal Pass-Through		10.582	
Department of the Interior: Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction: 15.130 19,673 Indian Education - Johnson O'Malley 15.130 19,673 Total Department of the Interior 19,673 Department of Education: Direct Programs: Title VIII Impact Aid 84.041 * 2,268,969 Title VII-A Indian Education 84.060 83,246 Fund for the Improvement of Education 84.215E 199,860 Title VI-B Rural Education 84.358 28,406 Total Direct Programs 2,580,481 Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 * 95,832 School Improvement Grant 84.377 * 335,997 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B 84.027 120,136 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B Preschool 84.173 3,079 Title IV-A Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness in 4,173 3,079 Undergraduate Programs (Gear Up) 84.334 51,801 Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality 84.367 30,900 </td <td><u> </u></td> <td></td> <td></td>	<u> </u>		
Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction: Indian Education - Johnson O'Malley 15.130 19,673 Total Department of the Interior 19,673 Department of Education: Direct Programs: Title VIII Impact Aid 84.041 * 2,268,969 Title VII-A Indian Education 84.060 83,246 Fund for the Improvement of Education 84.215E 199,860 Title VI-B Rural Education 84.358 28,406 Total Direct Programs 2,580,481 Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 * 95,832 School Improvement Grant 84.377 * 335,997 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B 84.027 120,136 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B Preschool 84.173 3,079 Title IV-A Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness in Undergraduate Programs (Gear Up) 84.334 51,801 Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality 84.367 30,900 Subtotal Pass-Through Programs 637,745	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		356,410
Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction: Indian Education - Johnson O'Malley 15.130 19,673 Total Department of the Interior 19,673 Department of Education: Direct Programs: Title VIII Impact Aid 84.041 * 2,268,969 Title VII-A Indian Education 84.060 83,246 Fund for the Improvement of Education 84.215E 199,860 Title VI-B Rural Education 84.358 28,406 Total Direct Programs 2,580,481 Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 * 95,832 School Improvement Grant 84.377 * 335,997 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B 84.027 120,136 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B Preschool 84.173 3,079 Title IV-A Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness in Undergraduate Programs (Gear Up) 84.334 51,801 Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality 84.367 30,900 Subtotal Pass-Through Programs 637,745	Department of the Interior:		
Indian Education - Johnson O'Malley 15.130 19,673 Total Department of the Interior 19,673 Department of Education: Direct Programs: Title VIII Impact Aid 84.041 * 2,268,969 Title VII-A Indian Education 84.060 83,246 Fund for the Improvement of Education 84.215E 199,860 Title VI-B Rural Education 84.358 28,406 Total Direct Programs 2,580,481 Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 * 95,832 School Improvement Grant 84.377 * 335,997 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B 84.027 120,136 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B Preschool 84.173 3,079 Title IV-A Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness in Undergraduate Programs (Gear Up) 84.334 51,801 Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality 84.367 30,900 Subtotal Pass-Through Programs 637,745	· ·		
Total Department of the Interior 19,673 Department of Education: Direct Programs: Title VIII Impact Aid 84,041 * 2,268,969 Title VII-A Indian Education 84,060 83,246 Fund for the Improvement of Education 84,215E 199,860 Title VI-B Rural Education 84,358 28,406 Total Direct Programs 2,580,481 Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84,010 * 95,832 School Improvement Grant 84,377 * 335,997 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B 84,027 120,136 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B Preschool 84,173 3,079 Title IV-A Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness in Undergraduate Programs (Gear Up) 84,334 51,801 Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality 84,367 30,900 Subtotal Pass-Through Programs 637,745		15.130	19,673
Direct Programs: Title VIII Impact Aid 84.041 * 2,268,969 Title VII-A Indian Education 84.060 83,246 Fund for the Improvement of Education 84.215E 199,860 Title VI-B Rural Education 84.358 28,406 Total Direct Programs 2,580,481 Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 * 95,832 School Improvement Grant 84.377 * 335,997 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B 84.027 120,136 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B Preschool 84.173 3,079 Title IV-A Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness in Undergraduate Programs (Gear Up) 84.334 51,801 Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality 84.367 30,900 Subtotal Pass-Through Programs 637,745	•		19,673
Direct Programs: Title VIII Impact Aid 84.041 * 2,268,969 Title VII-A Indian Education 84.060 83,246 Fund for the Improvement of Education 84.215E 199,860 Title VI-B Rural Education 84.358 28,406 Total Direct Programs 2,580,481 Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 * 95,832 School Improvement Grant 84.377 * 335,997 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B 84.027 120,136 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B Preschool 84.173 3,079 Title IV-A Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness in Undergraduate Programs (Gear Up) 84.334 51,801 Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality 84.367 30,900 Subtotal Pass-Through Programs 637,745	Department of Education:		
Title VIII Impact Aid 84.041 * 2,268,969 Title VII-A Indian Education 84.060 83,246 Fund for the Improvement of Education 84.215E 199,860 Title VI-B Rural Education 84.358 28,406 Total Direct Programs 2,580,481 Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 * 95,832 School Improvement Grant 84.377 * 335,997 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B 84.027 120,136 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B Preschool 84.173 3,079 Title IV-A Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness in Undergraduate Programs (Gear Up) 84.334 51,801 Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality 84.367 30,900 Subtotal Pass-Through Programs 637,745	•		
Title VII-A Indian Education 84.060 83,246 Fund for the Improvement of Education 84.215E 199,860 Title VI-B Rural Education 84.358 28,406 Total Direct Programs 2,580,481 Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 * School Improvement Grant 84.377 * Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B 84.027 120,136 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B Preschool 84.173 3,079 Title IV-A Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness in Undergraduate Programs (Gear Up) 84.334 51,801 Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality 84.367 30,900 Subtotal Pass-Through Programs 637,745		84.041	* 2,268,969
Title VI-B Rural Education 84.358 28,406 Total Direct Programs 2,580,481 Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 * School Improvement Grant 84.377 * Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B 84.027 120,136 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B Preschool 84.173 3,079 Title IV-A Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness in 84.334 51,801 Undergraduate Programs (Gear Up) 84.334 51,801 Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality 84.367 30,900 Subtotal Pass-Through Programs 637,745		84.060	
Total Direct Programs 2,580,481 Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction: *** Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies** School Improvement Grant** School Improvement Grant** Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B 84.010 *** 95,832 School Improvement Grant** Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B 84.027 120,136 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B Preschool 84.173 3,079 Title IV-A Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness in Undergraduate Programs (Gear Up) 84.334 51,801 Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality 84.367 30,900 Subtotal Pass-Through Programs 637,745	Fund for the Improvement of Education	84.215E	199,860
Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 * 95,832 School Improvement Grant 84.377 * 335,997 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B 84.027 120,136 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B Preschool 84.173 3,079 Title IV-A Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness in Undergraduate Programs (Gear Up) 84.334 51,801 Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality 84.367 30,900 Subtotal Pass-Through Programs	Title VI-B Rural Education	84.358	28,406
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 * 95,832 School Improvement Grant 84.377 * 335,997 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B 84.027 120,136 Title IV-B, IDEA-Part B Preschool 84.173 3,079 Title IV-A Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness in Undergraduate Programs (Gear Up) 84.334 51,801 Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality 84.367 30,900 Subtotal Pass-Through Programs 637,745	Total Direct Programs		2,580,481
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 * 95,832 School Improvement Grant 84.377 * 335,997 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B 84.027 120,136 Title IV-B, IDEA-Part B Preschool 84.173 3,079 Title IV-A Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness in Undergraduate Programs (Gear Up) 84.334 51,801 Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality 84.367 30,900 Subtotal Pass-Through Programs 637,745	Pass-Through Superintendent of Public Instruction:		•
School Improvement Grant 84.377 * 335,997 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B 84.027 120,136 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B Preschool 84.173 3,079 Title IV-A Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness in Undergraduate Programs (Gear Up) 84.334 51,801 Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality 84.367 30,900 Subtotal Pass-Through Programs 637,745		84.010	* 95.832
Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B 84.027 120,136 Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B Preschool 84.173 3,079 Title IV-A Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness in Undergraduate Programs (Gear Up) 84.334 51,801 Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality 84.367 30,900 Subtotal Pass-Through Programs 637,745	<u> </u>		•
Title VI-B, IDEA-Part B Preschool Title IV-A Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness in Undergraduate Programs (Gear Up) 84.334 51,801 Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality 84.367 Subtotal Pass-Through Programs 637,745	•	84.027	•
Title IV-A Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness in Undergraduate Programs (Gear Up) 84.334 51,801 Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality 84.367 30,900 Subtotal Pass-Through Programs 637,745	•	84.173	-
Undergraduate Programs (Gear Up)84.33451,801Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality84.36730,900Subtotal Pass-Through Programs637,745			·
Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality84.36730,900Subtotal Pass-Through Programs637,745		84.334	51,801
Subtotal Pass-Through Programs 637,745		84.367	•
-			
	Total Department of Education		3,218,226

Lapwai School District No. 341 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Health and Human Services:		
Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid)	93.778	282,757
Total Department of Health and Human Services		282,757
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		3,877,066

^{*} Major funds included on Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Note A - Basis of Presentation

The Schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance Section 200. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

Note B - Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. The \$23,579 commodity value has been included with expenditures listed in the National School Lunch Program which is CFDA number 10.555.

Note C - Indirect Costs

The District did not calculate and expense indirect costs to its grant funds.

Note D - Medicaid Expenditures

Uniform Guidance Section 200.502 states "Medicaid payments to a subrecipient for providing patient services to Medicaid-eligible individuals are not considered Federal awards expended."

The District has included Medicaid payments for disclosure.

Lapwai School District No. 341 Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

There were no prior year audit findings for the year ended June 30, 2016 relative to major fede programs.	eral award

Lapwai School District No. 341 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section I - Summary of Audit Results

Financial Statements:	
Type of auditor's report issued	Unqualified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness identified Significant deficiencies not considered to be material weaknesses?	No No
Noncompliance material to financial Statements noted?	No
Federal Awards: Internal control over major programs: Material weakness identified? Significant Deficiency	No No
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs	Unqualified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance Section 200	No

Identification of Major Programs:

Program	CFDA Number
Department of Education	
Direct Program:	
Title VIII Impact Aid	84.041
Pass-Through:	
Title I-A	84.010
School Improvement Grant	84.377
The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs	\$750,000.
Auditee qualified as a low risk auditee?	Yes
Section II – Financial Statement Findings	None
Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned C	osts None